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Original Research Article

Nurses Attitude towards Documentation in Specialist Hospital Sokoto

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Abstract: Documentation is vital for a safe, ethical, and effective nursing care in clinical setting. Nursing practice requires documentation to ensure continuity of care, planning, and accountability, as well as in the promotion and uptake of evidence-based practice. This study was to assess the nurses' attitude towards documenting nursing care and factors affecting documentation. The study may suggest ways of improving attitude of nurses towards nursing documentation. The study used a quantitative, descriptive survey design in which self-administered questionnaires were distributed to a sample of 199 staff nurses. With the aid of SPSS version 20, data were analyzed using a descriptive statistics. Majority of the participants were females (70.6%) and most of the respondents' years of experience are within the range of 6-10 years (29.4%). Findings shows that nurses have good attitudes towards documentation. However, they disagree that the employees are always reluctant to accept changes in the work process. Also most respondents (83.9%) agreed that lack of time contribute to nurses' attitude towards documentation. Most of the respondents disagreed that Lack of knowledge may not be a factor affecting documentation (86.1%). Thus, Proper and effective nursing documentation is very important in hospitals and effective ways of improving nurse's attitude towards documentation should be conducted through seminars and workshops.

Keywords: Assessment, Nurses, Attitude, Documentation.

INTRODUCTION

Nursing encompasses autonomous and collaborative care of individual(s) of all ages, families, group and community, sick or well and in all settings. It includes the promotion of heath, prevention of illness, and the care of ill, disabled and dying people [1]. Documentation is any written or electronically generated information about a client that describe client status, or the care or services provided to that client. Information in nursing documentation should include a complete account of the client's needs, including identified issues and concerns, assessment of findings, care outcomes in order to provide quality and continuity nursing care as well as to measure the degree to which goals are achieved. Nursing documentation started long time ago with work of Florence Nightingale who documented diagrammatically causes of mortality during the Crimean War as sicknesses rather than wounds. He added that, this meaningful message persuaded the military authorities, Parliament, and Queen Victoria to carry out hospital reforms, as well as catapulted nursing and hospital management into the realm of science [2]. A study Confirmed that since this humble beginning, nursing documentation has evolved into being and considered as an essential element in achieving holistic nursing care, and has brought with it the obligation to document not only the performed interventions, but also act of omission, decision making processes among others. This implies that, nursing documentation provides an account of the judgment and critical thinking used in the nursing process [3]. Accurate timely documentation reflects care provided meets professional, legislative and agency standards; promotes enhanced nursing care; and facilitates communication between nurses and other healthcare providers [4].

Many studies have examined nurses' attitudes towards computerization. The studies showed how the implementation of an information system in a healthcare organization can be complex since the introduction of a computerized nursing information system (CNIS). Accordingly, the implementation produced negative attitudes among

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nurses [5-7]. Similarly; a study observed the attitude of nurses towards documentation of nursing care has endangered lives of patients/clients at every level of care [8].

There are number of factors affecting attitude of nurses towards nursing documentation. Some of these factors, are lack of time, lack of knowledge on some systemic of documentation, lack of personnel, motivation, invisibility in nursing work [9]. There was an attempt to improve nurses attitude towards documentation, some of measures taking by the hospital were to address issue of time management, employment of adequate personnel to provide monitoring system to aid in nursing documentation. Examples of nursing care, which are often not documented, include the assessment of nutritional status, risks and/or interventions for the health and safety of their patients, and health teaching. Overall, the systematic nursing approach, which is summarized in the nursing process, is not documented in some healthcare environment [10].

It was observed that nurses' attitudes towards computerization could also depend on how nurses consider the nursing process and nursing diagnosis since most of the CNIS uses them both. Study also demonstrated the existence of a strong correlation between positive attitudes towards the nursing process and an overall positive attitude towards the CNIS. Hence, this study was to assess nurses' attitude towards documenting nursing care and factors affecting documentation in the selected health facility [11].

METHODS

Study Design

The study used a quantitative, descriptive survey design to examine the attitude of nurses towards nursing documentation of nursing care in Specialist Hospital Sokoto, Nigeria.

Population and sampling

The nurses of Specialist Hospital constituted the population of this study. Based on the records there were 395 nurses in Specialist Hospital Sokoto. Samples of 199 nurses were selected using stratified sampling technique. The nurses were stratified into wards. A proportionate sampling was used to recruit the required number of nurses in each ward.

Instrument for data collection

We used a self-administered questionnaire to collect the required data from the respondents. The questionnaire contains four sections. The first section of the questionnaire assessed the personal data of the respondents. The second section assessed the attitude of nurses towards nursing documentation. The third section assessed the factors affecting attitude of nurses towards nursing documentation. The forth section deals with ways to improve attitude of nurses towards nursing documentation.

Data Collection

Permission was sought from the Medical Director Specialist Hospital, Director Nursing Services and Chief Nursing Officers of various wards prior to the data collection. Each participant was informed about the purpose of the study. The selected participants that consented were giving questionnaire to complete. At the end of data collection, the questionnaires were retrieved for data analysis. Data collection took five days to complete. The completed 187 questionnaires were successfully retrieved from the respondents.

Data Analysis

Data were analyzed using descriptive statistic (frequency, percentage, mean and standard deviation). A four rating scale (strongly agree, agree, strongly disagree and disagree) was used to determine the level of attitude towards nursing documentation. A decision mean of 2.5 and above was considered agree and below 2.5 is regarded disagree. The measuring scale for the attitude is summarized as follows:

- 0.1 2.4 = poor attitude
- 2.5 2.9 = good attitude
- 3.0 3.4 = very good attitude
- 3.5 And above = excellent attitude

RESULTS

Demographic characteristics

One hundred and ninety nine (199) questionnaires were distributed and 187 were completed and returned by the respondents. Results in Table 1 revealed that 70.6% of the respondents are females, 25.1% and 18.7% of them are NOII and SNO respectively, with 29.4% having 6 to 10 years working experience. On marital status, must respondents (63.6%) were married.

Table-1: Personal data of respondents (N=187)				
Variables	Frequency	Percentage		
SEX				
Female	132	70.6		
Male	55	29.4		
RANK				
NOII	47	25.1		
NOI	27	14.4		
SNO	35	18.7		
PNO	29	15.5		
ACNO	26	13.9		
CNO	23	12.3		
YEARS OF EXPERIENCE				
1-5years	44	23.5		
6-10years	55	29.4		
11-15years	39	20.9		
20-30years	31	16.6		
30-above	18	9.6		
MARITAL STATUS				
Married	119	63.6		
Single	23	12.3		
Divorced	19	10.2		
Widow	26	13.9		

Table-1: Personal data of respondents (N=187)

Attitude of nurses towards documentation

The attitude of nurses towards documentation (in Table-2) shows an aggregate mean of 3.2 on attitude of nurses towards documentation which is above the decision mean of 2.5. Thus, going by the scale of measurement of attitude, the respondents have very good attitude towards documentation.

Table-2: Attitude of nurses	towards documentation (N=187)	

Variable items	mean	SD
Documentation of nursing activities and interventions is an indispensable component of nurses'	3.4	0.8
everyday work.		
Documentation keep nurses away from providing direct patient care	3.2	0.9
Documentation of nursing activities ensure the continuity of care.	3.6	0.8
The employees are always reluctant to accept changes in the work process	2.2	0.8
Documentation of nursing diagnosis is an integral part of the nurses' working routine	3.2	0.7
Improper documentation decreases patient health safety	3.4	0.5
Aggregate mean	3.2	

Factors affecting the attitude of nurses towards nursing documentation

Result on Table-3 revealed that lack of time and overload of work, lack of man power and lack of proper supervision are among the factors affecting the nurses attitude towards documentation. However lack of knowledge and lack of nursing note understandable to the discipline are not factors because their decision mean is below 2.5.

Table-3: Factors affecting the attitude of nurses towards nursing documentation (N=187)

Variables	mean	SD
Lack of time and overload of work	3.1	0.8
Lack of knowledge	1.9	0.7
Lack of man power	3.0	0.8
Lack of proper supervision	3.1	0.7
Lack of nursing note understandable to the discipline	1.9	0.7
Aggregate mean	2.6	

Ways for improving the attitude of nurses towards documentation

Result from Table-4. According to the respondents, the following measures may create positive attitude towards documentation: addressing issues of time management, accountability and proper planning of patient care, available format of documentation of nursing care, employing more personal, and proper monitoring system.

	Table-4: ways for improving the attitude of nurses towards documentation (N=187)			
	Variable items	mean	SD	
	Addressing issues of time management, Accountability and proper planning of patient care.	3.2	0.7	
	The unit should have its own format of documentation of nursing care	2.7	0.9	
	Employ more personal so that the stress will reduce.	3.3	0.7	
	Authority should encourage nurses' motivation	2.9	0.9	
20	Proper monitoring system of nursing documentation.	3.2	0.7	
	Aggregate mean	3.1		

Table 4. Weye for impr	oving the attitude of nurs	aa tawanda daaumant	ation (N_197)
Table-4: ways for minur	oving the attitude of hurs	ses towarus uocumenta	auon (1)=10/)

DISCUSSION

The study assessed the attitude of nurses towards documentation in specialist hospital sokoto.

Findings revealed that the majority of the nurses were females that fall at the rank of NO11, married and have 6-10 years of experience.

The study findings show that nurses have very good attitudes toward documentation. This is in line with a research conducted In Nigeria on Knowledge and Practice of documentation among Nurses in Ahmadu Bello University Teaching Hospital(ABUTH)) Zaria, Kaduna State [12]. However, finding was contrary to a study who found that staff nurses had negative attitude towards computer based documentation in nursing [11]. The difference with the current findings may be it is because the research setting is not using computer application but a typed printed document.

The study found that; lack of time and overload of work, lack of manpower and lack of proper supervision are factors that affect the attitude of nurses towards documentation. This is in line with a study which shows that most of the respondents admitted that there are barriers to documentation. Majority of the respondents answered that time constraint were the barriers to nursing documentation. Similarly, in Sweden most of the registered nurses reported lack of time, poor knowledge about documentation, lack of proper documentation facilities, and shortage of staff as barriers toward documentation [12].

Regarding the ways of improving the attitudes of nurses toward documentation the research, correspond with a research conducted in Sweden where most of the respondents suggested that proper training about documenting system and employment of more nurses respectively will help solve the issues of barriers to documentation [12].

CONCLUSION

The present study found that nurses have positive attitude towards documentation. However, nursing documentation in the study context is constrained by lack of time, overload of work, and lack of proper supervision. Employment of more nurses, and monitoring may improve positive attitude towards documentation among nurses.

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