ISSN 2664-4002 (Print) & ISSN 2664-6714 (Online)
South Asian Research Journal of Humanities and Social Sciences
Abbreviated Key Title: South Asian Res J Human Soc Sci

| Volume-8 | Issue-6 | Nov-Dec -2026 | **DOI: https://doi.org/10.36346/sarjhss.2026.v08i06.004**

Original Research Article

Is They Similar or Are They Same origin, Persian Language and Korean Language (224-232)?

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Article History
Received: 07.07.2023
Accepted: 09.08.2023
Published: 14.11.2026

Abstract: French Missionary Dallet (1874) wrote in his book that there are many difference between China and Korea. The present researcher with his colleagues suggested that Korea has originated from Persia, and they tried to find the proof for this suggestion (Park *et al.,* 2019; Kim and Park, 2022). There are two methods for this work. The first one is the dictionary of Bau (2008). The other one is the book of Kim (1999). This is the result of translation of nine Persian words into Korean words. The title of this work is 'Are they similar or are they same origin, Persian language and Korean language (224-232)?'. 0226 Golle nirpal. (morning glory). 나팔꽃 Napal-ggot. (morning glory). 'Golle nirpal' pronouce as (나팔꽃 Napal-ggot). 0227 Molom. (determined, certain). 물론 Mulon. (of course, certainly).

Keywords: 0226 Golle nirpal. (morning glory). 나팔꽃 Napal-ggot. (morning glory). 'Golle nirpal' pronouce as (나팔꽃 Napal-ggot). 0227 Molom. (determined, certain). 물론 Mulon. (of course, certainly).

INTRODUCTION

French Missionary Dallet (1874) wrote in his book that there are many difference between China and Korea. The present researcher with his colleagues suggested that Korea has originated from Persia, and they tried to find the proof for this suggestion (Park *et al.,* 2019; Kim and Park, 2022). The present work is also carried out in order to take the proof for this former suggestion.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Several researchers have tried to find the similarity between Persian words and Korean words (Park *et al.,* 2019; Kim and Park, 2022). There are two methods for this work. The first one is the dictionary of Bau (2008). The other one is the book of Kim (1999). The present researcher tried to find the common thing between Persian word and Korean word. The researcher selected nine Persian words, and translated them into Korean words.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

This is the result of translation of nine Persian words into Korean words. The title of this work is 'Are they similar or are they same origin, Persian language and Korean language (224-232)?'.

<The number Persian word (the meaning of the Persian word) the word in Korean language (in Korean letter) the word in Korean language (in English letter) (the meaning of the Korean word)>.
0224 Xordj. (abscess). 뾰루지 Bbyoruji. (eruption; rash).

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0225 Golle geosedi. (dandelion). 민들레 Min-deul-lae. (dandelion).
'Golle geosedi' pronouce as 'Ggot geoseda' in Korean words. 'Ggot geoseda' in Korean language means 'this flower is strong'. Really Golle geosedi (민들레 Min-deul-lae) grows well in the rough condition in Korea.

0226 Golle nirpal. (morning glory). 나팔꽃 Napal-ggot. (morning glory).
'Golle nirpal' pronouce as (나팔꽃 Napal-ggot).

0227 Molom. (determined, certain). 물론 Mulon. (of course, certainly).

0228 Shora. (dandruff. scurf). 싫어! Sileo! (I do not like it! I hate it!).
I do not like the dandruff (scurf).

0229 Kiluk. (a wag-tail; a bird which has a long tail, and the tail moves up and down when the bird walks). 걸러 뛰다 Keoleo dduida. (skip).

0230 Kiluk. (a wag-tail). 기러기 Kileoki. (a wild goose; a bird which has a crying voice of 'Kiluk! Kiluk!').

0231 Saber kardan. (wait, tolerate). 씨발 Ssibal. (an insult, an extremely abusive language).
I do not want to do it.

0232 Az ma. (It is mine!) 하지 마 Hazi ma. (Do not do it! Do not touch it!).

Our Lord! You have helped two of us, Hyeonhi and Augustin, to translate these Persian words into Korean words! Thank you so much, amen!

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The author thanks Mr Ilsoo Joseph Kim and Mrs Bohwa Maria Kim, Mrs Hilye Sarah Kim and Mr Yeonghag Park, Father Yang_eob Thomas Tchoi, Father Jean Blanc and Father Hifumi Iwazaki and Father Xavier Ha and Father Thomas Gil and Father Ikseon Gregorio Choi, Mrs Tamako Hayashi and Mr Yoshihiro Hayashi, Professor Francine Tenaillon and Professor Nicolas Tenaillon, Professor Byeong_Hwan Kim in Chosun University High School, Father Gangseob Leo Eom and the members of Daejeon Ludovich of Ordo Franciscanus Saecularis(OFS), Father Hanyoung Marc Lee and Father Soon-uk Paul Oh and the member of Daejeon Nae-dong Catholic Church, Professor Sook Ja Nam and Mrs Sookja Martha Min, Mrs Toshie Nakano, Professor Byoung Hoon Park and the student of Department of Companion Animal and Animal Resources Science in Joongbu University, all the members of Jungni Middle School, Okja and Hwansik and Jieun Agatha and Kunjoo DaegonAndrea and Jiah–Sangmin couple and Rosa-Alain couple and Sohwa Therese. The author thanks his wife Hyeonhi Regina Park. The author thanks the Lord Jesus Christ so much!

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